Nanotechnology in the Life Sciences

Devarajan Thangadurai Jeyabalan Sangeetha Ram Prasad *Editors*

Bioprospecting Algae for Nanosized Materials



Editors Devarajan Thangadurai Department of Botany Karnatak University Dharwad, Karnataka, India

Jeyabalan Sangretha Department of Environmental Science Central University of Kerala Kasangod, Kerala, India

Ram Presed Department of Botany Mahatma Gazdhi Central University Metihari, Bihar, India

ISSN 2523-8027 ISSN 2523-8035 (electronic) Nanotechnology in the Life Sciences ISBN 978-3-030-81556-1 ISBN 978-3-030-81557-8 (eBook) https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-100-81557-8

© The Editor(s) (if applicable) and The Author(s), under exclusive license to Springer Names Switzerland AG 2023

This work is subject to copyright. All rights are solely and exclusively increasily the Publisher, whether the whole or part of the material is concerned, specifically the rights of mandaton, reprinting, mass of illustrators, recitation, broadcasting, reproduction on microlibra or in any other physical way, and transmission or information storage and removal, electronic adaptation, computer solitoware, or by similar or citorinital methodology now known or becomes developed.

The use of general descriptive names, registered names, trademarks, service marks, etc. in this publication does not imply, even in the absence of a specific statement, that such names are exempt from the relevant protective laws and regulations and therefore free for general use.

The publisher, the authors and the editors are safe to assume that the advice and information in this book are believed to be true and accurate at the date of publication. Notifier the publisher are the authors or the advices give a warranty, expressed or implicit, with respect to the material contained benefic or for any errors or continuous that may have been made. The publisher remains material with regard to paradictional clares in published maps and irrationismal additional.

This Springer imprime is published by the registered company Springer Nature Switzerland AG. The registered company address is: Gowerbestrasse 11, 6739 Cham, Switzerland

The largest at the contract

	t IV Biomedical Applications of Algal Nanomaterials	
s	Algal-Mediated Biosynthesis of Nanoparticles and Their Potential Therapeutic Applications Khadija Nawaz, Rimsha Chaudhary, Amna Komal Khan, Christophe Hano, Bilal Haider Abhasi, and Sumaira Anjum	
9	Strategies for Nanoencapsulation of Algal Proteins, Protein Hydrolysates and Bioactive Peptides: The Effect of Encapsulation Techniques on Bioactive Properties. Aysun Yucetepe	
10	Nanoformulations Loaded with Microalgal Bioactive Compounds for Disease Therapy Heema Tahassum and Iffat Zareen Ahmad	
11	Marine Algal Products and Algal Nanoparticle Synthesis Against Cancer Arunkumar Ramu and Bakrudeen Ali Ahmed	
12	Surface-Functionalized Diatoms for Drug Delivery and Tissue Engineering Applications U. T. Uthappa, Mahesh P. Bhat, Ho-Young Jung, and Mahaveer D. Kurkuri	
Par	t V Industrial and Environmental Applications of Algal Nanomaterials	
13	Algae for Nanocellulose Production Pieter Samyn, Michaela Pappa, Sanjaya Lama, and Dries Vandamme	
13 14		
-	Pieter Samyn, Michaela Pappa, Sanjaya Lama, and Dries Vandamme Pelagic Sargassum as a Source of Micro- and Nanocellulose for Environmentally Sustainable Plastics. Héctor Uriel Castañeda-Serna, Georgina Calderón-Domínguez, Ma. De la Paz Salgado-Cruz, Arturo García-Bórquez,	
14	Pieter Samyn, Michaela Pappa, Sanjaya Lama, and Dries Vandamme Pelagic Sorgossum as a Source of Micro- and Nanocellulose for Environmentally Sustainable Plastics. Héctor Uriel Castañeda-Serna, Georgina Calderón-Domínguez, Ma. De la Paz Salgado-Cruz, Arturo García-Bórquez, and Reynold Ramón Farrera-Rebollo Algal Nanotechnology for Wastewater Trentment.	

Microalgal Nanotechnology for the Remediation of Environmental Pollutants

Sonam Dwivedi & Iffat Zareen Ahmad

Chapter | First Online: 27 February 2022

426 Accesses

Part of the Nanotechnology in the Life Sciences book series (NALIS)

Abstract

Microalgae are alluring biotechnological tool to detoxify the hazardous pollutants present in the environment. Environmental toxic waste is hazardous and causes serious problem to the environment as well as organisms. The microalgal biomass has the potential to remediate these pollutants from the contamination sites through different processes such as biodegradation, accumulation, and immobilization. Microalgal growth is inexpensive because they use sunlight and carbon dioxide; therefore, globally microalgal environmental remediation market found that this industry showed significant growth over last few years and anticipated a continuous growth. Furthermore, research need to be explored for the remediation process to make it more advantageous, economic, feasible, widely accepted by the public, and also elevated level reduced contaminants. This chapter highlights the remediation of environmental pollutants from different sources of contamination using microalgal nanotechnology.

Keywords

Microalgae Environment Pollutant Remediation Nanoparticles

Contaminants

Nanoformulations Loaded with Microalgal Bioactive Compounds for Disease Therapy

Heena Tabassum & Iffat Zareen Ahmad □

Chapter | First Online: 27 February 2022

411 Accesses

Part of the Nanotechnology in the Life Sciences book series (NALIS)

Abstract

Recent developments in the use of nanoformulations are evolving in the nanobiotechnology area for synthesis of drug. Recently, due to the drawbacks of physical and chemical synthesis, which include toxic yields, time and energy consumption and high cost, focus has shifted towards biological synthesis. Many natural sources, comprising cyanobacteria, algae, fungi and higher plants, are useful in green synthetic processes. Microalgae, because of their ability to absorb heavy particles from their surroundings, are amongst the most advantageous natural candidates used in the biosynthesis of nanoformulations. They are storehouse of a number of bioactive compounds which can act as reducing and stabilizing agents, including pigments and enzymes. Due to solubility problems, not even 10% of microalgal bioactive components have reached marketed platforms. They should be considered as a possible source of natural products for drug development and delivery systems, considering these factors. An emerging approach to the production of new cancer drugs may be in the form of nanoformulations. This chapter throws light on latest studies on microalgae-based metabolites and also their medical uses. This chapter also considers different types of nanoformulations, various strategies of synthesis, execution of new drugs, drawbacks and commercial aspects associated with the application of microalgae for manufacturing and medical purposes.

Keywords

Microalgae Bioactive compounds Nanoformulations Diseases